

Tension/compression force transducers with thin-film sensor

Accuracy: 0,2 %

Output signals: 4...20 mA; 2-wire,

0...10 VDC; 3-wire

ATEX/IECEX Optional

⟨Ex⟩II 2G Ex ib IIC T4/T3

for SIL3-Applications Optional

with 2-channel PC control

Description

In addition to our force transducer program with bonded foils, a new force transducer with a welded thin film sensor was developed. The usage of standardised sensors, which are welded into the measuring element, makes an automated manufacturing possible. Combined with an accuracy of 0,2%, the new tension / compression force transducers are also of interest for OEM applications due to the attractive price- performance ratio.

Thin film sensors, produced by very modern manufacturing technology, have all advantages of the conventional bonded foil strain gauges, but without having their substantial disadvantages (temperature drifts of the glue and creeping).

Tension / compression force transducers can be applied directly into the force flux. They are used for weight measuring or as an overload protection. In machineries they are used to monitor press-capacities, clamping forces. Mounted indirectly they can be used as torque supports in order to supervise momentums.

Different output signals are available. These force transducers fulfil the regulations of EMC according to directive EN 61326.

ATEX/IECEX (Option)

Only equipment and protective systems with the corresponding certification and markings are to be put into operation in potentially explosive areas. Our force transducers with a thin-film measuring cell and integrated amplifier now have approval according to directive 94/9/EC in equipment group II (non-mining products), category 2G for zones 1 and 2 (gases). Other zones on request.

SIL-3 (Option)

In cooperation with the TÜV Süddeutschland a special security electronics has been developed for theatre and stage applications. It fulfils security standard SIL 3 with a 2-channel PC control in connection.

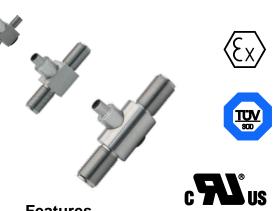
This international security standard for systems and processes is based on the standards IEC 61508 and 61511. The latter is used for ascertaining risk potentials of (engineering) systems. Depending on the potential existing risk a risk reduction has to be made. If automation components are used for that, they have to fulfil the demands of IEC 61508.

Both standards subdivide systems and risk reducing actions in four security steps: SIL1...SIL4 (Safety Integrity Level) - from small up to very high risks. If persons are allowed to stay under hanging loads, e.g. in theatres, security level 3 (SIL 3) is valid.

UL-Certification (Option)

tecsis force transducers are also available with UL approval.

FM and CSA Approval submitted.



Features

- thin film implants (instead of conventional bonded foil strain gauges)
- corrosion free stainless steel
- integrated amplifier
- small temperature drift
- high long term stability
- high shock and vibration resistance
- for dynamic or static measurements
- good repeatability
- easy to install

ATEX/IECEX (Option)

- for Zone 1 and 2
- (Ex)II 2G Ex ib IIC T4/T3

SIL-3 (Option)

- Security electronic
- SIL-3 approval with 2-channel PC control; accreditation:

TÜV-Süd-Nr. 2005-08-11/tecsis

Measuring ranges

Tension and compression forces from 1 kN ... 500 kN

Applications

- hoists, cranes
- screw down forces in machinery
- process automation
- mechanical engineering and machinery

ATEX/IECEX (Option)

- Mining
- Chemical and petrochemical industries
- Dedusting and filtration units

SIL-3 (Option)

For theatre and stage design:

- Above-stage machinery
- Below-stage machinery
- Point hoists
- Bar hoists

Specific information

Counter nuts included

Model: F2301, F23C1

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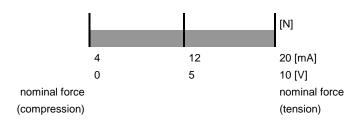
Technical data

Model	F2301	F23C1 ATEX/IECEX	F23C1 SIL-3							
		(Option)	(Option)							
Nominal load F _{nom}	1/2/3/5/10/20/30/50/100/200/	1/2/3/5/10/20/30/50/	1/2/3/5/10/							
	300 / 500 kN	100 / 200 / 300 / 500 kN	20 / 30 kN							
Limit load		150 % F _{nom}								
Breaking load		> 300 % F _{nom}								
Combined error	≤± 0.2% of F.S.									
Hysteresis		≤± 0.1 % of F.S. <i>C</i> _n								
Max. dynamic load		F _{nom} acc. to DIN 50100 *)								
Creep, 30 min. at F _{nom}	<u> </u>	± 0.1 % of F.S. C _n								
Nominal deflection		see table								
Nominal temperature range		-20 +80 °C								
Service temperature range		-40 +80 °C								
Storage temperature range		-40 +85 °C								
Temperature effect - span		± 0,2 % of F.S. /10K								
- zero		± 0,2 % of F.S. /10K								
Vibration resistance	20g, 100h, 50	150Hz acc. to DIN EN 60068	-2-6							
Protection type		IP 67								
(acc. to EN 60529/IEC 529)										
Noise emission		acc. to EN 61326								
Noise immunity		acc. to EN 61326								
Insulation resistance		> 5 GΩ / 50 V								
Electrical protection	Reverse voltage, ov	vervoltage and short circuit pr	otection							
Analogue output	4 00 4 0 :		40 40 .							
- Output signal	4 20 mA; 2-wire		4 16 mA – 2-wire;							
((4 (compression) 20 (tension) mA) 0 10 V; 3-wire		0 7 V - 3-wire							
 - (max. span of output signal: C_n) 	(0 (compression) 10 (tension) V)		0 7 V = 3-wife							
or output signal. C _n)										
- Bridge resistance	2 mV/V									
- Current consumption	approx. 6.500 Ω Current output 4 20 mA: signal current; Voltage output approx. 8 mA		Current output: signal current; Voltage output approx. 8							
- Power requirement	10 30 V DC for current output 14 30 V DC for voltage output		IIIA							
- Burden	≤ (UB-6V) / 0.024 A for current output > 10 kΩ for voltage output									
- Response time	≤ 1 ms (within 10% 90% <i>F</i> _{nom})									
- Electrical connection	Circular connector M 12x1, 4-pin, Option: Cable junction		≤ 5 ms (within 10% 90% <i>F</i> _{nom})							
Relay power supply U _R			Standard 24 V, max. 1.5							
Troidy power supply or			x UR, min. 0.8 x UR							
Power consumption relay P _R			approx. 100 mW							
Signal amplitude			4 ± 0.2 mA							
resp. 3 ± 0.2 V										
			others upon request							
Material of measuring device	stainless steel		1 - 11							
Material counter nut	nickel-plated steel									
Certfication	'	(EX)II 2G Ex ib IIC T4/T3	TÜV: 2005-08-11/tecsis							
		WILZO EXIDIIO 14/13	. 3 1. 2000 00 1 1/100010							

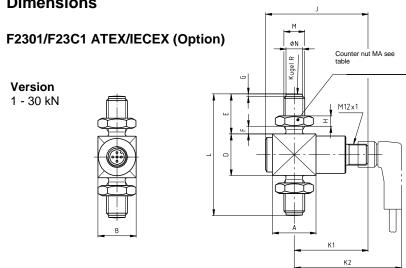
^{*)} for higher load please order higher load class

of F.S. = full scale value

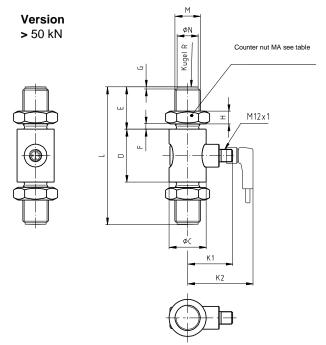
Tension/Compression



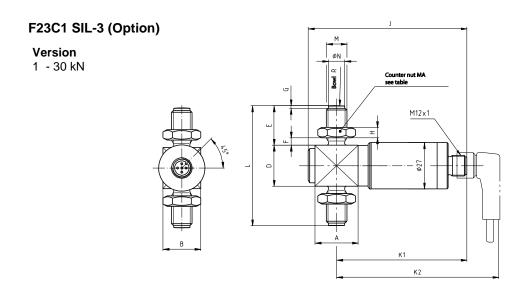
Dimensions



Nominal										Dimen	sions	(mm)					
load kN	Α	В	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K1	K2	K3	L	М	ØN -0,1	Bowl R	M _A Nm	Nominal deflection
1/2/3 5		22	24	23	4,3	1,5	6					70	M12	9,5	60	60	< 0,5
10	25,2		31					59	43	62	66	77			80		
20		26	33									101			100		
30	27,5	27,5	40	34	3,8	2	10	61,5	44	63	67	108	M20 X 1,5	17	120	300	< 0,1



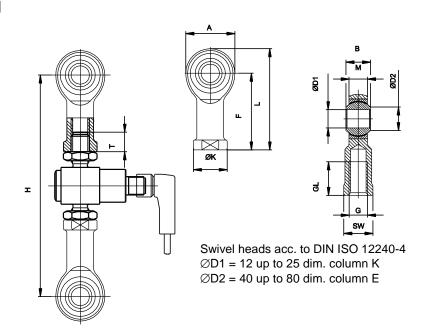
Nominal		Dimensions (mm)													
load kN	ØC	D	E	F	G	Н	K1	K2	K3	L	М	ØN -0,1	Bowl R	M _A Nm	Nominal deflection
50	35	50	40	5	2	12	43	62	66	130	M24 x2	20	150	500	< 0,1
100	54	54	68	10		19,5	44	64	68	190	M39 x3	34	200	2.500	
200	67	67	82	12		22,5	45	65	69	231	M45 x3	40	250	4.000	
300	73	73	98	14	3	28	49	69	73	269	M56 x4	50	300	6.000	< 0,2
500	94	94	113	17		32	59	79	83	320	M64 x4	58	400	9.000	



Nominal		Dimensions (mm)													
load kN	Α	В	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K1	K2	L	M	ØN -0,1	Bowl R	M _A Nm
1/2/3/5	25,2	22	24	23	4,3	1,5	6	89	72	91,5	70	M12	9,5	60	60
10	1		31								77			80	
20		26	33								101			100	
30	27,5	27,5	40	34	3,8	2	10	91,5	73	92,5	108	M20 X 1,5	17	120	300

Dimensions incl. swivel head

Dimensi	ons incl. s (mm)	wivel ends
F _{nom} (kN)	н	Min. screw in depth T
1/2/3/5	148±3	9,5
10	155±3	
20	219±4	
30	226±4	16
50	276±4	19,5
100	405±7	31
200	466±13	36
300	568±11	45
500	665±13	51



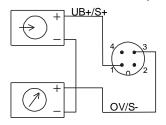
Nominal load kN	Weight in kg	Α	В	ØD1	ØD2	F	G	GL	ØK	L	М	sw
110	0,115	32	16	12 H7	15,4	50	M12	22	22	66	12	19
2030	0,415	50	25	20 H7	24,3	77	M20 x 1,5	33	34	102	18	32
50	0,750	60	31	25 H7	29,6	94	M24 x 2	42	42	124	22	36
100	2	92	28	40 -0,012	45	142	M39 x 3	65	65	188	23	55
200	3,5	112	35	50-0,012	56	160	M45 x 3	68	75	216	30	65
300	8,6	160	49	70-0,015	77,9	200	M56 x 4	80	98	280	42	85
500	12	180	55	80-0,015	89,4	230	M64 x 4	85	110	320	47	100

Electrical connection

F2301/F23C1 ATEX/IECEX (Option)

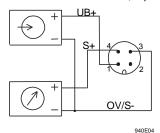
Output signal 4..20mA (2-wire)

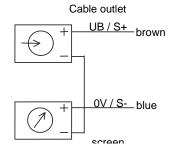
Circular connector M12x1, 4-pin



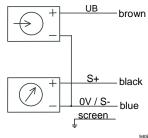
Output signal 0...10V (3-wire)

Circular connector M12x1, 4-pin





Cable outlet



Pin configuration M12x1 (4-pin) /

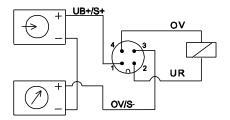
Open cable outlet of the tecsis standard connection cable (STL 288, black)

Electrical	420 m	A (2 – wire)	010 VDC (3 - wire)				
connection	Pin	Cable outlet	Pin	Cable outlet			
Supply: UB+	1	brown	1	brown			
Supply: 0V	3	blue	3	blue			
Signal: S+	1	brown	4	black			
Signal: S-	3	blue	3	blue			
	thread M12x1	screen	thread M12x1	screen			

F23C1 SIL-3 (Option)

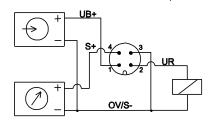
Output signal 4..20mA (2-wire)

Circular connector M12x1, 4-pin



Output signal 0...10V (3-wire)

Circular connector M12x1, 4-pin



Pin configuration M12x1 (4-pin) /

Open cable outlet of the tecsis standard connection cable (STL 288, black)

	420 mA (2 – wire)	010 VDC (3 – wire)			
	Pin	Cable outlet	Pin	Cable outlet		
Supply: (UB+)	1	brown	1	brown		
Supply: (0V)	3	blue	3	blue		
Supply Relay: (UR)	2	white	2	white		
Supply Relay: (0V)	4	black	3	blue		
Signal: (+)	1	brown	4	black		
Signal: (-)	3	blue	3	blue		
	thread M12x1	screen	thread M12x1	screen		

Brief description SIL-3

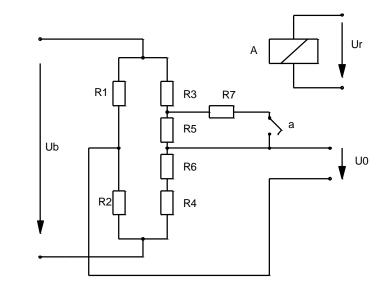
Amplifier-Electronics 4...20mA or 0...10V for SIL-3 applications with 2-channel PC control (Certified by TÜV Süddeutschland, Germany)



Certificate-no.: 2005-08-11/tecsis

Force Transducers, which are based on strain gauges, are working with four variable resistors (R1...R4) connected to a Wheatstone Bridge. Caused by deformation of the body the respective opposite resistors are lengthened or compressed in the same way. This results in an unbalanced bridge and a diagonal voltage U_0 .

This well proven design has been amended by an additional resistor R7 in order to monitor the condition of the amplifier unit and signal path. This resistor is connected as a shunt to resistor R5 by a relay contact (a) as soon as an excitation voltage U_r appears at relay A.

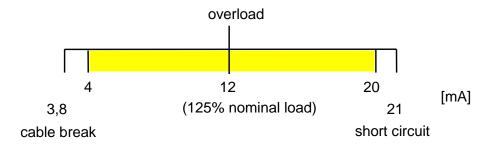


The connection of resistor R7 will always result in a defined unbalancing of the zero point (diagonal voltage) of the Wheatstone Bridge.

An external independent control unit activates relay A which changes the output by a certain value. Because of security reasons the control unit has to be a 2-channel one. When the expected change of the output signal is detected it can be assumed that the whole signal path (Wheatstone Bridge – amplifier – output) works well. If it does not appear it can be concluded that there is a defect in the signal path.

The standard adjustment of force transducers with current output for overload control is e.g.:

Fig.



With activating the check relay a fixed signal jump of 8 mA will exceed the overload limit in every working condition. The measurement's upper limit of 20 mA however will never be reached. This makes the checking of the signal jump possible.